



UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA
EXTENSION

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The Garden Bench

September/October 2022

Gardening and home landscape information from UGA Cooperative Extension in Houston County. Our newsletter provides research-based horticulture information to help Middle Georgia gardeners.

Welcome to the Teaching Garden!

Special Points of Interest:

MGCG Plant Sale

Online plant sales are Sept 9-18. Visit www.mgcg.org to browse and purchase plants. Be sure to select SHOP from the drop-down menu. In-person shopping and pickup for online orders are September 24/ 9AM-5PM at the State Farmers Market in Macon.

Georgia National Fair

Oct 6-16

Bring your gardening questions to Master Gardeners at the UGA Extension Booth located in the Georgia Grown Building. 10AM-6PM

Garden Bench Subscription

The Garden Bench is a free bi-monthly newsletter from UGA Extension Houston County and local Master Gardener Extension Volunteers. It provides research-based information to help Middle Georgia gardeners. To receive a copy directly to your inbox, email uge2153@uga.edu



Visit Hafley Park Teaching Garden in Perry, GA. Located at 1527 Sunshine Ave, the garden is used to grow vegetables and to serve as an idea generator for homeowners. Along with turf plots and a pollinator meadow with fruit trees, butterfly, rock, shade, and native gardens offer many opportunities for exploration and imagination.

Gardening with the Masters classes to educate homeowners on various topics are taught here. See schedule below:

Upcoming classes:

→Putting Turf to Bed

September 22/ 5-6 PM

How to prepare your lawn for winter

→Right Plant Right Place

November 15/ 5-6 PM

Fall is for planting

Call 478-987-2028 to register.
Cost \$10.00 per class



Home & Garden Landscape Tips for Middle Georgia

Take the time to evaluate this year's garden and consider changes and improvements.

- Fall is the most desirable time to do soil tests because landscapes and gardens are usually dry and easily accessible. Vegetable gardens should be sampled every 1-2 years. Soil tests are available at your Houston County Extension office. If your soil test indicates a need for lime, fall is a good time to apply it. Lime reacts slowly in the soil. Till it into the soil when possible.
- Pull up dead or declining annuals and clean up overgrown areas. As you clean out the flower beds, mark the spots where late starting perennials will come up next spring to avoid damaging them. Compost dead, disease-free plants and leaves or till them into the soil to increase organic content. Renew mulch in planting beds to a depth of 2-4 inches
- Turn off and drain irrigation systems before freezing weather. First frost in Middle Georgia usually occurs in mid-November but can occur as early as October.
- Pests are usually fewer in fall and winter, but not always! Stay on the lookout for cabbageworms and aphids.
- Be sure your vegetables get enough water this time of year. Many crops will not mature correctly if stressed due to lack of water. Mulch to control weeds and slow water loss.

Flowers: Save seeds from your summer annuals to plant in the spring (hybrids will not breed true).

September is the ideal month for planting as the heat of summer begins to subside. Plant flowers such as snapdragons, dianthus, pansies, and violas now to bring fall color to flower beds and container plantings. Chrysanthemums are a great source of color and texture in the fall garden and generally grow in any soil capable of producing a good crop of vegetables or turf.

September and early October are good times to move, divide, and plant irises, liriopse, and daylilies. Dig caladium tubers before the first frost.

Plant perennials now: fall-planted perennials out-perform perennials planted in the spring.

Fall is the time for choosing and planting bulbs for color in the spring garden. When planting bulbs, if you aren't sure which end is the top, plant it on its side. The stem will always grow upright!

Vegetables & Herbs: Now is the time to plant your cool season vegetable garden. See dates in next column.

If your summer garden has quit producing and you are not planting a cool-season garden, pull up and compost your old plants. Remove all old leaves and debris and work in a layer of compost, then cover with a thick layer of mulch to keep weeds at bay.

Before those herbs bolt and go to seed this month, think about harvesting in bulk and storing them for use later. Many herbs can be dried by hanging upside down in a dark spot. Others can be preserved by removing the leaves from the stems and freezing them in oil or water ice cubes. These are great for use in soups and stews as well as spaghetti sauce and broths.

Shrubs & Trees: Shrubs and trees have a much greater chance of success when planted in the late fall and winter. Winter planting gives plants a chance to develop their root systems before the summer heat stress. The rule of thumb is 3/4 to 1 inch of water per week. If there has been no rainfall for one week, water shrubs, trees, and vines. This is especially important for new plantings, which should have water directed to the root ball.

Do not prune shrubs after September 1 or you run the risk of having that first frost burn all the new tender growth that you've made the plant produce. New fruit or nut plants should not be pruned until January or February. Keep those pruners away from crepe myrtles this time of year, too. Wait until late February if you have to prune them.

Control weeds around shrubs and trees to reduce overwintering insects, and promptly dispose of all fallen fruit, leaves, and dead limbs to help prevent disease. Apply mulch to minimize weeds and retain moisture, but do not place it right up against the tree.

Lawn Tips: Continue to mow until the grass goes dormant. Don't remove more than 1/3 the grass blade height at a mowing. Keep leaves and pine straw raked up off the lawn.

Recommended dates for selected winter annual broadleaf weed control are approximately September 15 to October 1 for middle Georgia. Apply a pre-emergent herbicide labeled for your type of grass.

<https://extension.uga.edu/publications/detail.html?number=B978&title=Weed%20Control%20in%20Home%20Lawns>

https://turf.caes.uga.edu/content/dam/caes-subsite/georgiaturf/docs/pcrp2020/Full_Weed_Control.pdf

Remember, your grass needs at least 1" of water a week year round. Use your rain gauge to determine how much water you must apply.

Planting Dates for Your Fall Vegetable Garden

Through Sep 15: carrot, mustard, turnip

Through Sep 20: beet

Through Oct 15: radish, spinach

Oct 10-Nov 10: dry bulb onion

Through Dec 31: green onion

Many cool-season vegetables produce best flavor and quality when planted to mature during cool weather. Take advantage of the mild weather during these months to plant these cool season vegetables!

*Newsletter compiled by Nancy Edger,
Master Gardener Extension Volunteer*